Code: EC3T5

II B. Tech - I Semester - Regular Examinations - December 2014

ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY (ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING)

Duration: 3 hours

Marks: 5x14=70

Answer any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks

- a) Explain the construction and operating principle of DC
 Generator
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 - b) A shunt generator supplies 75 Amperes at 200 V through feeders of resistance 0.08 ohms. The armature and shunt field windings have resistances of 0.04 ohms and 80 ohms respectively. Find the terminal voltage and generated EMF.

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- 2. a) Explain the significance of back EMF and derive the condition for maximum efficiency of DC Motor. 7 M
 - b) A 220 V shunt motor is taking a current of 30 A. Armature and shunt field resistances are 0.2 and 100 ohms respectively. Iron and friction losses amount to 500 Watts, find the efficiency of the motor.

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- 3. a) Draw the phasor diagram of transformer on no-load and load conditions.

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 - b) Draw the equivalent circuit of a transformer and explain the parameters of the circuit.

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- 4. a) Explain the construction and principle of operation of single phase transformer.

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 - b) A 7.5 kVA, 2400 V/120 V transformer was tested by short circuiting the low voltage side and applying 100 V to the high voltage side. The measured power input was 145 W. Determine the regulation when the load has 0.8 lagging power factor.

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- 5. Explain the construction and operating principal of induction motor and draw its slip-torque characteristics.

14 M

6. a) Derive E.M.F equation of an Alternator

4 M

- b) A 3-phase star-connected alternator on open circuit is required to generate a line voltage of 3600 V at 50 Hz when driven at 500 rpm. The stator has 3 slots per pole phase and 10 conductors per slot. Calculate
 - i) The number of poles and

- ii) Useful flux per pole. Assume all the conductors per phase to be connected in series and the coils to be full-pitched with $K_d=0.96$ 10 M
- 7. a) Explain the construction and working of shaded pole single phase induction motor.

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 - b) Mention the difference between stepper motor, universal motor and permanent magnet DC motor. 7 M
- 8. a) Discuss the classification of electrical instruments. 7 M
 - b) Explain the significance of controlling torque and damping torque relevant to the operation of indicating instruments.

7 M